



Natriuretic Peptide Receptor B Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP58002

Specification

Natriuretic Peptide Receptor B Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host

Clonality Calculated MW Physical State Immunogen

Epitope Specificity

Isotype Purity

affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION

SIMILARITY

Post-translational modifications

DISEASE

Important Note

Background Descriptions

IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

P20594

Rat, Pig, Bovine

Rabbit Polyclonal 117 KDa Liquid

KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

from human NPR-B

101-200/1047

IgG

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane

protein.

Belongs to the adenylyl cyclase

class-4/guanylyl cyclase family.Contains 1 guanylate cyclase domain.Contains 1

protein kinase domain.

Phosphorylation of the protein kinase-like

domain is required for full activation by

CNP.

Defects in NPR2 are the cause of

acromesomelic dysplasia Maroteaux type (AMDM) [MIM:602875]. Acromesomelic chondrodysplasias are rare hereditary skeletal disorders characterized by short stature, very short limbs, and hand/foot malformations. The severity of limb abnormalities increases from proximal to distal with profoundly affected hands and feet showing brachydactyly and/or

rudimentary fingers (knob-like fingers).

AMDM is an autosomal recessive form characterized by axial skeletal involvement with wedging of vertebral bodies. In AMDM all skeletal elements are present but show

abnormal rates of linear growth.

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



NPR2 encodes natriuretic peptide receptor B, one of two integral membrane receptors for natriuretic peptides. Both NPR1 and NPR2 contain five functional domains: an extracellular ligand binding domain, a single membrane spanning region, and intracellularly a protein kinase homology domain), a helical hinge region involved in oligomerization, and a carboxyl terminal guanylyl cyclase catalytic domain. NPR2 is the primary receptor for C type natriuretic peptide (CNP), which upon ligand binding exhibits greatly increased guanylyl cyclase activity.

Natriuretic Peptide Receptor B Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4882

Other Names

Atrial natriuretic peptide receptor 2, 4.6.1.2, Atrial natriuretic peptide receptor type B, ANP-B, ANPR-B, NPR-B, Guanylate cyclase B, GC-B, NPR2, ANPRB

Dilution

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<span class ="dilution_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \> <span class
="dilution_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \> <span class
="dilution_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \> <span class ="dilution_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \> <span class ="dilution_E">E~~N/A</span>
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Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Natriuretic Peptide Receptor B Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name NPR2

Synonyms ANPRB

Function

Receptor for the C-type natriuretic peptide NPPC/CNP hormone. Has guanylate cyclase activity upon binding of its ligand. May play a role in the regulation of skeletal growth.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Natriuretic Peptide Receptor B Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation





- Flow CytometyCell Culture

Natriuretic Peptide Receptor B Polyclonal Antibody - Images